a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h
$1+1=2$	0	$\frac{dy}{dx} = f'(x)$	$C = 2\pi r$	$s = \frac{1}{2}gt^2$	$PV = nRT$	$E = h\nu$	$\nu = H_0 d$
$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$	$a \equiv b \pmod{n}$	$\int_a^b f'(x)\,dx = f(b) - f(a)$	$A = \pi r^2$	$F = ma$	$dU = \delta Q - \delta W$	$\lambda = h/p$	$ds^2 = -c^2dt^2 + dx^2 + dy^2 + dz^2$
$\sqrt{2} \notin \mathbb{Q}$	$(x+y)^n = \sum_{k=0}^{n} \binom{n}{k} x^{n-k} y^k$	$e = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!}$	$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$	$F = G\frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$	$S = k\ln W$	$\Delta x\,\Delta p \geq \hbar/2$	$\gamma = (1 - v^2/c^2)^{-1/2}$
$n = \prod p_i^{e_i}$	$\deg p \geq 1 \implies \exists z \in \mathbb{C},\ p(z) = 0$	$\hat{f}(\xi) = \int f\, e^{-2\pi i x \xi}\,dx$	$ds^2 = dx^2 + dy^2 + dz^2$	$\frac{T^2}{a^3} = \frac{4\pi^2}{G M}$	$F = k_e \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2}$	$i\hbar\partial_t \Psi = \hat{H}\Psi$	$c = 1/\sqrt{\mu_0 \epsilon_0}$
$\forall N\, \exists p > N,\ p \text{ prime}$	$e^{i\theta} = \cos\theta + i\sin\theta$	$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^{-2} = \pi^2/6$	$V - E + F = 2$	$F = \frac{dp}{dt}$	$\nabla \cdot E = \rho/\epsilon_0$	$(i\gamma^\mu \partial_\mu - m)\psi = 0$	$H = -\sum p_i \log p_i$
$e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0$	$\mathrm{Gal}(K/F)$	$\oint f(z)\,dz = 2\pi i \sum \mathrm{Res}$	$\int K\,dA = 2\pi\chi$	$\frac{d}{dt}\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{q}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial q}$	$\nabla \cdot B = 0$	$[x, p] = i\hbar$	$S_{\mathrm{CHSH}} \leq 2$
$\pi(x) \sim x/\ln x$	$Au = \lambda u$	$\Box u = 0$	$ds^2 = g_{\mu\nu}\,dx^\mu dx^\nu$	symmetry $\Rightarrow \partial_\mu j^\mu = 0$	$\nabla \times E = -\partial_t B$	$E = mc^2$	$S = A/(4\ell_P^2)$
$2^{\aleph_0} > \aleph_0$	$T \nvdash \mathrm{Con}(T)$	$\delta S = 0$	$\pi_1(S^1) = \mathbb{Z}$	$G_{\mu\nu} + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} = \kappa T_{\mu\nu}$	$\nabla \times B = \mu_0\epsilon_0 \partial_t E + \mu_0 J$	$V = -\mu^2\lvert\phi\rvert^2 + \lambda\lvert\phi\rvert^4$	$H^2 = 8\pi G\rho/3 + \Lambda c^2/3$